

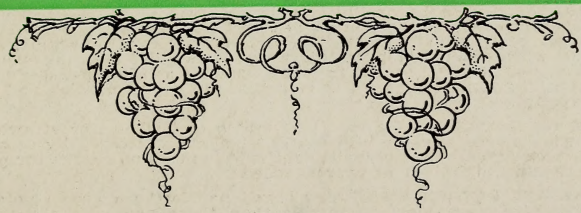
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KNIGHT'S CATALOGUE OF
**Small
Fruit Plants**

1910



DAVID KNIGHT & SON
SAWYER MICHIGAN

READ CAREFULLY.

PLEASE READ CAREFULLY BEFORE GIVING YOUR ORDER—Your name, postoffice and state should be distinctly written every time you write us.

ORDER EARLY—It is a mistake to put off ordering until late in the season, when some of the leading varieties will be sold out. It is greatly to your advantage, as well as ours, to place your order early; only a small amount is necessary to be paid down to secure your order.

OUR TERMS ARE CASH—No order booked unless accompanied with a remittance as a guarantee of good faith. Balance of the money can be sent before shipment, or we can send C. O. D. Money can be sent by bank draft, express money order, postoffice money order, or by registered letter at our risk.

REFERENCES—State Savings Bank, Benton Harbor, Mich.; U. S. Express Agent, Sawyer, Mich.; or any of the officers of Berrien County, county seat, St. Joseph, Mich.

OUR LIABILITY—While we exercise the greatest care to have every plant true to name and are ready on proper proof to replace anything sent by us that proves untrue to label, free of charge, it is understood between the purchaser and ourselves that we are not to be held liable for any greater sum than that paid for said plants that may have proved untrue.

SUBSTITUTION—In case we should be out of any one variety in your order, please state whether we shall return the money or fill it with some equally good or better variety.

SHIPPING FACILITIES—We have the benefit of a direct line to Chicago, running several trains daily, reaching there in three hours and connecting with all other lines. We also ship by boat from St. Joseph which runs daily lines to Chicago.

SHIPMENT—We commence to ship plants in the spring as soon as we can dig, usually the last of March or the first of April, and fill all orders as fast as possible, aiming to pack plants freshly dug.

STRAWBERRY PLANTS BY MAIL—The low rates of postage, eight cents per pound, to any point in the United States, or sixteen cents per pound to any in Canada, enable us to send small amounts to distant purchasers much cheaper than by express.

You must add five cents per dozen, or twenty-five cents per one hundred plants to price to cover postage. Plants are packed in moss and we guarantee them to reach you in perfect condition when sent by mail.

BY EXPRESS—This is the method most commonly adopted for sending big bills to distant parts of the country. As there is no delay, we will guarantee all shipment to arrive in good condition when sent by express.

BY FREIGHT—Raspberries, blackberries, currants, etc., can be sent by freight, and strawberries, early in the season, before the new growth starts, can be safely sent by fast freight. We take especial care in packing, using more moss when ordered shipped this way. It is quite a saving over express charges on large bills. All freight shipments at the purchaser's risk. Our responsibility ends when we deliver goods in good condition and take railroad receipt.

MODE OF PACKING—We use light crates or baskets for strawberry plants, packed in moss in the best possible manner and carefully separate and mark each different variety with labels. We make no charge for packing or delivering to freight or express office.

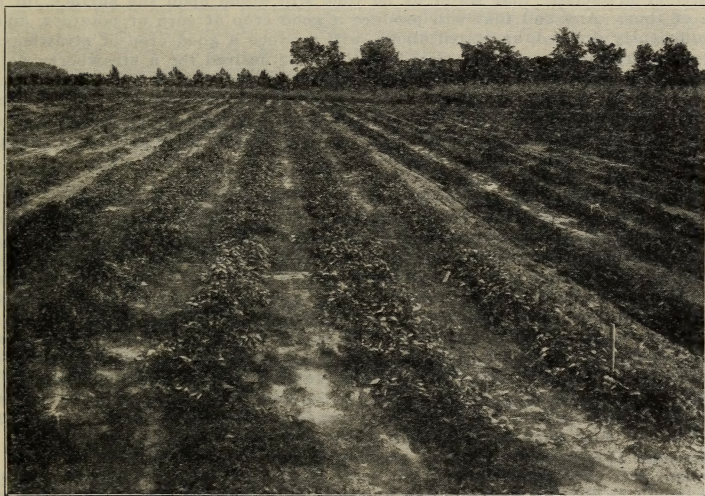
NORTHERN GROWN PLANTS, as well as Northern grown potatoes and garden seeds, are more preferable than those grown in the South. They have more vigor, will make better growth and produce more and earlier berries. The successful strawberry growers of the South send North for their plants, claiming that it pays better to buy Michigan grown plants than to use those grown there, even though they have plenty.

LOCATION—We are located on the Pere Marquette Railroad, in Berrien County. This is the great small fruit center of southwestern Michigan, and thousands of acres are devoted to its culture. The soil and climate are naturally adapted to the growth of small fruit, hence our plants are stronger and better rooted than can possibly be grown in locations less favorable.

To Our Patrons

A GAIN we take this opportunity of thanking you for your splendid patronage of past years and the good words that you have spoken to your neighbors in our behalf. Last season was a banner one for us, the only bad part being that we were not able to supply all of your wants. We had out a large acreage and, considering the season, the stand was good, but orders came in so fast that they literally swamped us and long before the close of the season we had to refuse acceptance of all orders so as to protect the ones who placed their orders early. This year, owing to the shortage in the West and South, there will be a very active demand for plants of all kinds, and again we would advise you, as we did last year, that it will be well for you to get your orders booked early in order to be assured of getting the varieties you wish.

This season we will be in a better position to serve you than ever before. The past summer and fall, here, were ideal for plant growth and we have never had, or



One of our strawberry fields taken Aug. 15, 1909, three months after planting. We have 50 acres just as good from which we will dig millions of plants.

seen, as fine a lot of plants as we have to offer. Besides a considerably increased business relation that we have had in the past, and we believe you feel that you know us and can intrust us with your business, but to those into whose hands our catalog falls for the first time, let us say to you that we have been successfully growing and shipping small fruit plants for nearly thirty years. It has been, and will continue to be, our life work, and the strongest proof we can give you of our success is the steadily increasing volume of business that we are doing year after year, which has only been attained by our knowledge of the business, our naturally favorable location, and our constant aim to ship only good plants, true to name, and at as low a price as good plants can be sold for.

With a great many of you we feel almost personally acquainted by the pleasant business relation that we have had in the past, and we believe you feel that you know us and can intrust us with your business, but to those into whose hands our catalog falls for the first time, let us say to you that we have been successfully growing and shipping small fruit plants for nearly thirty years. It has been, and will continue to be, our life work, and the strongest proof we can give you of our success is the steadily increasing volume of business that we are doing year after year, which has only been attained by our knowledge of the business, our naturally favorable location, and our constant aim to ship only good plants, true to name, and at as low a price as good plants can be sold for.

DAVID KNIGHT & SON,
Sawyer, Mich.

NEW VARIETIES OF STRAWBERRIES

For Prices see Page 28.

There are new varieties of strawberries being introduced every year. Some of them prove profitable from the start and soon get into the class of standard, money making varieties, while others are soon discarded and forgotten. You may have paid big money for a new variety and it has proven a failure with you, but that is no reason why you should not try again. You must remember that location makes a vast difference with some varieties. Some particular variety might be very profitable with us but with you a complete failure and vice versa. That is the reason that out of the hundreds of varieties introduced so few of them gain more than a local prominence, and that is also the reason that you should keep on trying a few of the new varieties each year for there is no telling when you will find just what you are looking for. The successful berry growers over the country never let a year go by without trying out some of the more promising ones.

The new varieties that we list below are those that we have fruited ourselves and proven worthy of merit or those that have come highly recommended to us by reputable growers.



HIGHLAND (Imp.)

Introduced by the M. Crawford Company of Ohio, who says: "This is our leader, and we are pleased to offer a berry that promises to be so profitable. It is a chance seedling, found by T. B. Carlisle of Mahoning County, Ohio. He has tested it ten years, and finds it the best money maker he grows. It makes large, healthy plants,

and is more productive than any other variety in the collection at the Wooster Experiment Station. The fruit is of good size, fine in color and form, of fairly good quality and moderately firm."

We fruited the Highland last season and found it all that the introducer claimed for it. We were more than pleased with the plant growth and the quality and size of the fruit and predict that this will become one of the most popular and profitable berries grown. It was carefully tested at the Ohio Experiment Station for four years where it proved the most prolific of any of the varieties being tested at that time. The price this season is not prohibitive and you really should give this excellent new variety a trial. We have a very good supply of plants.



HERITAGE (Per.)

"The plant is very large, of extremely heavy texture, some single crown plants carrying foliage with a spread of 20 or 22 inches. Deep rooted and extremely free in fruiting, beginning to ripen its fruit about early mid-season and continuing to very late. Another prominent feature is that the fruit stems continue to shoot so late that during the early picking season there are many blossoms, which indicates to the experienced grower their long season of productiveness. The berry is dark, shiny crimson to the center. Has a perfect blossom. Carries an unusually heavy green calyx (adding decidedly to its market value). Extremely large from the first picking to much above the average for the main crop and continues large after the better known varieties are gone."—From the introducer.

We have not fruited this variety as yet, but from reports we have had of it from the East it seems to be a great favorite in the New York and New Jersey markets. The plants we had last season made a very strong growth, however, it is not a big plant maker. The Heritage seems to have sprung into prominence right from the start, the demand being very good for it last year and we are anticipating a big sale of them this spring. We have a good supply of these plants and believe that you will do well to give them a trial.

GREAT SCOTT (Imp.)

This is another addition to the large varieties and a worthy rival to any of them. We have not fruited it to any great extent, but are very much pleased with

the experience we have had with it. The introducer explains why he gave it the name, "Great Scott," in the following language: "I gave it the name of Great because of its size, and Scott in honor of the originator. Also 'Great Scott' is a common expression for anything surprising."

HELEN GOULD (Imp.)

Another large berry of which the introducer says: "The plant is large and healthy, and has never failed to produce a good crop. It sends out a moderate number of strong runners—about like Bubach. It has a pistillate blossom, and, like nearly all pistillates, it bears abundantly in wide matted rows—but will do its best in hills.

"The fruit is very large, and holds up well to the end of the season. In shape it is roundish conical, and quite uniform, though the first berry on the stem is sometimes triangular or slightly flattened, never cockscombed. In color it is a beautiful glossy red, and the flesh is firm, with a rich, delicious flavor that is seldom equaled. We know of no variety that combines size, productiveness, beauty and good quality in a higher degree. Season medium to late."

Like the Great Scott we have fruited this variety in a limited way only, but it has proven very satisfactory. Our supply is limited.

PRIDE OF MICHIGAN (Per.)

This berry was originated and introduced here in Berrien County. The berry is a bright glossy red, large and rather oblong; firm and of good quality. It is a productive plant maker. The season of ripening is with the Dunlap medium early. We have fruited it and find it a promising variety.

PAN-AMERICAN (Per.)

As far as we know this is the only real ever-bearing variety that has ever been introduced. It is, in a way, a novelty and we doubt if it will ever be profitable in a commercial way, but the satisfaction of having ripe strawberries from the regular strawberry season until the ground freezes in the fall would well repay one to grow a few dozen in their gardens. The Pan-American makes very few plants, often none at all and for that reason the price will probably never be less than it is at the present.

THE AUTUMN (Imp.)

This is a seedling of the Pan-American and is a fall bearing variety. Being a pistillate variety it requires Pan-American or some other fall bearing variety to fertilize it.

Plants set in the spring with the fruit stems removed will crown and bear fruit in August and continue until cold weather.

The plant makes runners more freely than the Pan-American.

The fruit is of medium size, of good color and quality.

SWEDENBERG

This new berry we are going to introduce next season if it proves as excellent a variety in other sections of the country as it has here. It is an early variety of the Bederwood type, but larger, more beautiful, of better quality and as good a producer. We have been fruiting it and watching it carefully for several years and we honestly believe that it is destined to be the most popular and profitable early variety that has ever been introduced.

It is a chance seedling found growing in the hills near here, overlooking Lake Michigan. It probably originated from seeds of the Bederwood and was undoubtedly carried to the place where it was found by birds. A full description of this berry will be given when it is introduced.

We are not going to sell it this year, but are going to give it as a premium. (Notice our Premium Offer on page 11.) It is not because we haven't the stock that we are not attempting to sell it, for we have an exceptionally nice lot of plants, but we wish to know just how it does in other locations before introducing it. At present we have it with ten state and private experiment stations throughout the country where it will be watched very carefully and before the end of this season we will know its general merits. To those of you who receive this as a premium we would consider it a great favor if you will give it a good fair trial and report to us just what it does with you and how you consider it in comparison with other varieties that you are growing. If it does as well with you as with us we will be perfectly satisfied, for never in our long experience as growers and propagators of plants have we found a variety that looks as promising and meets all of the requirements of a profitable berry as to size, color, firmness, quality and productiveness as this one does. Remember the Swedenberg is not for sale this year. The only ones who can get it are those who give us orders for other plants.

GENERAL LIST OF STRAWBERRY PLANTS

The varieties given under this list are all those that we have fruited extensively for several years and know to have merit. As soon as we find that a variety is not worthy after giving it a fair trial we drop it and in this way give our customers the benefit of our long experience.

Of course, we would not say positively that all of the varieties named below would do well with you for in all probability there are some that would not, as certain varieties have their natural localities where they will do well and if taken to another locality might prove of little value, and that is the reason that the up-to-date berry grower will keep on trying out different varieties until he finally gets the ones that are the most valuable to him. Our long experience with the different varieties has taught us where they are most liable to do well and any information that we have will be gladly given you for the asking. For price list see page 28.

AROMA—(Per.)—Fruit very large, roundish, glossy red, of excellent quality, and very productive. Plant is strong, stalky grower. A very late variety, much resembling the Gandy. Extensively grown in the West, where it originated. Suited to a greater variety of soil than the Gandy. The demand for this berry has been far greater than the supply, and its intrinsic value as a heavy fruiter and pollinizer for the late sorts is the cause. We have planted it quite extensively for fruit in southern Illinois, where it proves one of the best varieties for that section, and it does fully as well in the North as South; therefore, we have no hesitancy in recommending it as one of the best varieties we have ever fruited.

BUBACH, NO. 5—(Imp.)—One of the largest berries of the old varieties. It is very popular in nearly all sections of the country. The plants are model growers, making just enough plants for a nice fruiting row. Every year the demand for plants of this grand old variety is larger than the preceding one. They do not make plants very freely and for that reason they cannot be sold as cheaply as some other varieties. We have a good stock, but as the demand for them is always heavy you should order early in order to insure getting them.

BEDERWOOD—(Per.)—This is one of our best standard berries for market. We have fruited it for many years and it has always given a paying crop. It is early, a very strong yielder, and continues a long time in bearing. The fruit is good size and as firm as the Crescent, but it is liable to rust and should not be planted on wet soil. Does better North than South.

BRANDYWINE—(Per.)—Very vigorous, perfect blooming plant; tall fruit stalks; broad, heavy, dark green foliage. Plants very productive, having four and five stalks **heavily loaded with large to very large berries.** Medium red, somewhat like Gandy, only a little more dull; large yellow seeds on surface. Flesh red clear through; firm, somewhat acid, but with **very sprightly flavor;** ripens medium to quite late. Does best on heavy loam or heavy clay.

Like all large berries, they should have plenty of room in the row. Plants should not be closer than six inches, so they can build up strong stools.

CORSICAN—(Per.)—This is the most popular strawberry we have, judging from the demand we have for the plants. The last two seasons we could not begin to fill all of the orders that came in. This variety is in the largest heavy weight class. Not only are the berries large, but they are uniform in shape. The color is bright red. They are very firm and will sell for a fancy price in any market. The foliage is exceedingly vigorous and leathery, resisting fungus and drouth. It is both profitable and a pleasure to grow a fancy berry like the Corsican.

CARDINAL—(Imp.)—A strong grower with long runners and like the Gandy needs plenty of room. Fruit, large, conical, dark red. Very beautiful and a prolific bearer. We have fruited the Cardinal for three years and can recommend it as an exceptionally good berry and judging from the demand for plants, as we are always sold out early in the season, it is a general favorite. The fruiting season of the Cardinal is medium to late.

CRESCENT (IMPROVED)—(Imp.)—The standard of productiveness all over the country; succeeds everywhere, stands neglect best of any, plant small, berries fair size, bright and attractive, not very firm. Many growers consider this the most profitable berry for market. We have been growing the Crescent for over 20 years. Very few varieties have stood the test so long.



CLYDE

CLYDE—(Per.)—Clyde is a perfect-blooming plant of rather more than moderate vigor, with light green foliage, wonderfully productive. The berries are large, bright scarlet color, with pink flesh of mild and pleasant flavor, moderately firm on some soils but quite soft on others; a great money-maker in nearby markets, and a bountiful provider for the family. It is such a productive variety and throws up so many fruit stalks that it sometimes forgets to make enough foliage to shade its enormous growth of berries. A winter mulch of horse stable manure, or a little nitrate of soda in spring before fruiting, stimulates foliage and adds to its value. For the best results it should be planted on good soil.

"The Clyde has been my best bearer. Early as Glen Mary; more and larger berries. I have several of the best standard varieties and Clyde has done better than any two of the others."—S. J. G., in Rural New Yorker.

COMMONWEALTH—(Per.)—Commonwealth is the outcome of a desire and an effort to produce a berry which would perceptibly lengthen the strawberry season. In the Commonwealth we have a berry that is as large as the largest, as productive as any of the largest, as fine flavored, as solid and as dark colored as any. It is smooth, and very juicy. It has a strong staminate blossom.

"I believe the Commonwealth is the best very late variety yet tested. The season is extremely late, hence short, but the yield is fine while the berries last. Firm as an apple. The fruit needs to stay on the vines a few days after the upper half turns red. Large and very sweet. A great late berry to ship."—In Rural New Yorker.

EXCELSIOR—(Per.)—Plant is vigorous, a good grower, and productive. Berries dark, not very large. Ripen about with Michel's Early, and like that variety will mat too thickly in the row if allowed to do so. It is more profitable in the ries. I have made several of the best standard varieties and Clyde has done better South, where it does better than in the North.

GLEN MARY—(Per.)—A strong, vigorous growing, healthy plant. Some seasons it has pollen to fertilize itself, but it is better to plant it next to some perfect blooming variety, like Ridgeway, Brandywine or Bismarck. The Glen Mary is fast growing in favor all over the country. The berry is so large and fine looking it always commands the highest price in market. It needs good soil, good culture and plenty of room in the row.

GANDY—(Per.)—This is one of the most reliable large, late berries that is grown. It is one of the old standard varieties that you can depend upon. The plant is a strong grower, a good plant maker. The large, handsome appearance of the fruit always commands for it a large price in market. The fruit always grows large and is one of the best shipping varieties known. In some localities the Gandy is not so productive as some varieties, but the fact that it ripens late and is of a hardy nature indicates that it will do well in any soil where other berries grow. You can't afford to be without Gandy, whether it is for home or market use. Last season we could not furnish half the demand for them, but have a larger supply this year, and hope to be able to supply all demands.

HAVERLAND—(Imp.)—Exceedingly productive. Fruit large and fine. One of the most popular of the well-tested varieties. It will stand more frost than most any other variety, often bearing large crops when others are killed. We can always depend on a large crop. No berry will produce more fruit per acre or sell for more money. The demand for plants is always great.

JESSIE—(Per.)—The Jessie is one of the old standard varieties. We have grown it many years. The berry is large, bright colored, of a good quality, firm and a good cropper. Its blossom is perfect and is a good fertilizer for imperfect varieties.

LOVETTS—(Per.)—This is one of the best market varieties. It succeeds generally in any soil or locality; it is one of the tough hardy varieties. The plants are rank and vigorous. The fruit is of good uniform size, of a high, rich color, and splendid flavor. It is highly spoken of all over the country. It is one of the best shipping varieties, especially adapted for Southern planters where firmness of berry is necessary for long shipment. An old standard variety and reliable to plant anywhere and in any soil that will grow strawberries.

MILLER—(Per.)—We regard this as one of the best of our standard varieties. It is growing in favor very fast among fruit growers, because it is a heavy yielder of large, bright red berries that bring the highest price in market, and their season is very long. The plant is large and stocky, foliage large and free from rust, and sends out plenty of strong runners. We have not noticed a single weakness in this berry in the last five years we have been growing it, and cannot too strongly recommend it to our friends.

MICHEL'S EARLY—(per.)—One of the earliest, if not the earliest variety grown. It does better on light, warm soil; on heavy soil it goes too much to vines. It is one of the best varieties to fertilize with, as it blossoms early and late. For best results plant on warm, sandy soil. Valuable on account of its earliness.

PARSON'S BEAUTY—(Per.)—"From the standpoint of the commercial grower this comes very near being a perfect variety. It is a healthy, luxuriant grower, makes plenty of runners and is an abundant bearer. The fruit is large, of regular conical form, never misshapen, very uniform in shape and size, bright red, firm and very attractive. It holds out in size better than most varieties. In fact, it is superior in every way except that it is a little tart—just right for canning."

POCOMOKE—(Per.)—Fruit large, of good form and color. Good healthy plants, very productive. A good reliable market sort. The berry is a little tart, but that makes it a good berry to can. It is firm and red throughout. Is fast growing in favor among fruit growers as a standard market berry. Needs no petting and will produce large crops under reasonable good culture.

RIDGEWAY—(Per.)—Plant large and stocky, possessing the ability to make a large number of strong healthy plants. Leaf large, broad, heavy and dark green in color. Blossom perfect, a good pollinizer for pistillate varieties, as it remains in bloom a long time. Berry large to the very last; the typical form nearly round; the largest specimens broadly ovate, but always smooth. Color bright glossy crimson, with golden seeds.

SENATOR DUNLAP—(Per.)—This berry has been very highly recommended since its introduction in 1900, and growers of it have not been disappointed. In all localities where it has been planted we hear nothing but praise for the Senator Dunlap. It sends out many runners and should have plenty of room. The plant is perfectly healthy and an enormous bearer. It commences to ripen soon after the earliest and continues until near the close of the season. The fruit is large, but not the largest, and conical in form. The color is a deep, rich red, the flesh is also red, and has a sprightly, delicious flavor.



A field of Dunlaps that produced 200 bushels of fruit to the acre.

to order heavy as we can supply you.

SAMPLE—(Imp.)—A valuable, large, late variety which promises to be an important acquisition. Sample has scored such a marked success in many places that no progressive grower can afford not to plant some of it. The successful man is he who tests all really promising varieties and quickly finds those the most perfectly suited to his own soil, climate, etc.

Michigan Horticultural Experiment Station for 1901 says: "Sample has proved itself to be a very valuable sort. It is hardy and productive of choice, attractive berries. It has large, healthy foliage, and stout fruit stalks. With strong soil and good culture it is one of the most promising kinds."

STEVENS LATE CHAMPION (Per)



UNCLE JIM

This is one of the best and most popular late varieties grown. It makes strong, vigorous plants which produce an abundance of fruit. The plants send out a great many runners that take root quickly and cover the ground if not restrained. The fruit and blossoms are well protected by the abundance of foliage. The fruit is large, long, and slightly flattened. The color is a deep red the flesh being also red. It ripens all over and is very firm, being one of the best varieties to hold up after picking that we know. Its season of ripening is about with that of the Gandy and is a worthy rival of that grand old variety as a popular and profitable late berry.

UNCLE JIM—(Per)—A good grower of large, stocky plants, well spaced for fruiting. The fruit is large, high colored, quite firm and of good quality. A choice among the standards. The plant is very large, and the roots go deeper than any variety we have which makes it well able to resist drouth.

WARFIELD—(Imp.)—The Warfield is a great plant maker, covering the soil, with only fair treatment. The berries are deep glossy red and are very attractive in market, when well grown. It is red to the cen-

ter, very firm and much sought for by canners. It has the record of producing under test, the largest crop of any variety of strawberry. To do its best, it must have rich moist soil and good culture and the plants must be thinned somewhat.

WM. BELT—(Per.)—The plant is very large, a most luxuriant grower and remarkably productive. It is medium in ripening, neither very early nor very late. Its size is very large indeed. In form it is conical, rather long and quite uniform in shape. The color is a brilliant glossy red—as near perfection as was ever seen in a berry. It ripens all over without green



WM. BELT

tips. The quality is good—better than is usually found in large berries. The foliage of Wm. Belt as grown here is affected with some rust and to insure a good crop every year it should be sprayed, and it should be planted on well drained warm soil.

Be sure and read the testimonial letters that appear at intervals through this book. They come to us unsolicited. You will notice that we give their names and addresses. Perhaps some of them live near you. Our satisfied customers are our best advertisers.

PREMIUM OFFERS.

Good only for Plants at Catalog Prices. Two plants of Swedenburg, the new Strawberry for each dollar of your order. (Labelled with a red tag.) Or one setting of our Thoroughbred Wyandotte Eggs at half price (75 cents) for every order of \$3.00. Good as long as our eggs last; or The National Fruit Grower free for one year with every order of plants for \$3.00 or over. See page 29.

RASPBERRIES

Red and black raspberries have proven a very profitable crop to raise during the past few years, and no small fruit grower makes a complete success of the business until such time as he sees fit to divide his acreage up into several varieties of small fruits, for, as the old saying goes, "Do not put all your eggs in one basket." By planting a variety of small fruits you can, if you have a home market, supply your customers with fresh fruit for at least three months in the year by raising early and late varieties of strawberries, raspberries and blackberries, one lapping over into the other if you select the right varieties. We have an exceptionally fine stock of raspberry plants to offer this spring and know that you could find nothing better any where in quality of stock. We would especially request our customers to try some of the new introductions, and know that you will be pleased with them. The King Red and Cumberland Black have proven fine additions to the raspberry family.

The Eaton red raspberry ought to have a place in every fruit garden.

Raspberries will grow well on any land that will grow a good crop of corn or potatoes and has naturally a good drainage.

The red raspberry should be planted in rows five feet apart, and if to be kept in hill culture should be planted three and one-half feet in the row; if to be planted in matted rows, one and one-half or two feet in the row.

The black and purple cap varieties should be planted in rows both ways. For field culture the rows should be seven feet apart and three and one-half feet in the row, marking ground with a corn planter, as for corn, both ways and skip every other row. Cultivate both ways. The better condition your ground is in and the more care you take in planting, the better the results. For price list see page 29.

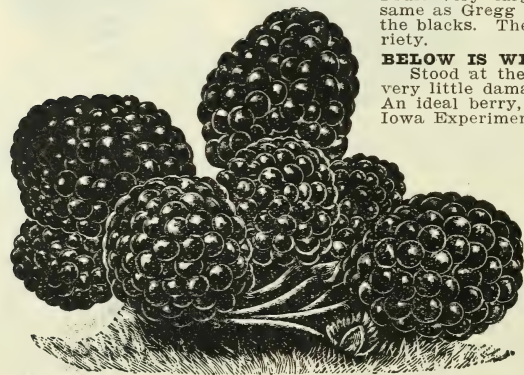
CUMBERLAND

The largest of all blackcaps. A healthy, vigorous grower, throwing up stout, stocky, well branched canes that produce immense crops of magnificent berries.

Fruit very large, firm, quality about the same as Gregg and ships as well as any of the blacks. The most profitable market variety.

BELOW IS WHAT OTHERS SAY OF IT:

Stood at the head, coming through with very little damage, and bearing a full crop. An ideal berry, some measuring an inch.—Iowa Experiment Station.



Have grown six years and has made a splendid record; a mid-season berry of largest size, good quality, excellent bearer. Next to Cumberland I value Cardinal, closely related to Haymaker; the two are scarcely distinguishable in growth, though there is a slight difference in flavor. The most marked difference is in hardiness — Cardinal came through past winter in very much better condition than Haymaker.—

Mr. McGreehon, Cass County, Iowa.

Very vigorous, healthy, very hardy. Fruit a bright black, good size, sweet. Holds size and quality throughout the entire season.—Michigan Experiment Station.

Later: Best late market variety in the station collection.—Michigan Experiment Station.

Stands first in size, 160 berries making a full quart; ordinary varieties, 450 to 500 to the quart. Sold in the Kansas City market at from 50 cents to \$1.00 per crate above the market. Best blackcap.—Major Frank Holsinger, Kansas.

Large, productive, best for all purposes.—Illinois State Horticultural Society.

Undoubtedly the finest blackcap grown.—E. B. Hopkins, Greene County, Missouri.

Quality best; leads all in firmness. You cannot get soil too rich for raspberries and blackberries and if you want very best results, give them a heavy mulch of straw or other clean litter.—E. H. Riehl, Illinois Experiment Station.

One of the most desirable for commercial purposes.—N. Y. Experiment Station.

CONRATH—(Black)—One of the best new varieties introduced for years. It is a very strong grower and hardy in wood and bud; very productive; quality fine. It has been widely tested and is highly recommended from all sections of the country. Michigan Experiment Station says: "The plant is fairly vigorous, very productive. Fruit of large size, moderately firm, nearly coal black, and parts readily from the core. Although early, it has a long season and holds its size well to the end." Season medium.

CUTHBERT—This is a valuable variety, well tested throughout the country; it has given good results, both for home use and for market. Cuthbert is a good, vigorous grower and possesses vitality. It yields bountifully of large and beautiful bright red berries, which are easily picked and always command good prices. No fruit grower can afford to omit planting Cuthbert. For the last few years the demand for Cuthbert plants has been so great our supply would run out. This year we have a very large stock of them, and we can supply them in 50,000 lots.

No other red has compared in hardiness or yield.—Tenn. Exp. Station.

No other red has made so good a showing year after year. Vigor, productiveness and good shipping qualities make it a leading market sort. Large, attractive, with slightly vinous flavor.—Michigan Experiment Station.

Our leading red. Sells higher than any other.—H. R. Cotta, Illinois Horticultural Society.

CARDINAL—(Purple)—This berry is a Kansas product and it has been boomed very extensively by the growers of that State. We think that in growth of plant and productiveness of berries it is all that is claimed for it, but it has some weak points as a market berry as grown here. They cling to the hull and do not like to let go until over-ripe, and at that stage they are a very dull color. However, for family use we would recommend them very highly, as they have a long season and the quality is fine.

HAYMAKER—A purple cap, not so dark as Columbian or Shaffer, and much larger and firmer than either of those varieties; never crumbles, and stands up well in shipping. Sample crates have been shipped to distant points with entire satisfaction. It is a berry to grow for either home use or market. The originator has found it the most profitable berry ever raised for market, and has never yet been able to supply the local demand. We find the color of the berry is against it for a commercial berry the same as Cardinal, but for home use and perhaps small home market it would be valuable.



CUTHBERT

Yankton, S. D. April 27, 1909.

David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—Received the berry plants in good order for which please accept my thanks.

Yours truly,

A. SCHOTT.

Findlay, Ohio, April 30, 1909.

David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—Am perfectly satisfied with stock sent me, it being well rooted and in good shape.

Yours truly, O. C. DREISBACH.



This wonderful red raspberry is winning favor among fruit growers and the demand for them is growing large, although the price for them has been seemingly high ever since it has been introduced. No variety has ever been introduced that has maintained such a high price for so long a time. One reason for this is that they do not make plants as freely as most red raspberries which is greatly in its favor as a commercial berry as the vitality of the vine is given to the berry instead of the plant.

The plant does not make a tall growth like the Cuthbert but is very stocky and sends out many laterals which produce fruit from the ground to the tip. Because very hardy they will stand the coldest winter when the Cuthbert and some other varieties will kill to the ground.

The berry is very large and is of a rich wine color. Its size and rich color is far superior to any other red raspberry.

WHAT OTHERS SAY OF IT:

The Eaton has done well with us. It is hardy, large, productive.—L. J. Farmer, Pulaski, N. Y.

A strong, not tall and slender, but a sturdy grower. Throwing out many laterals and fruiting to the tips and from every lateral—a sight to see.—Flansburg & Potter Co.

The Eaton red raspberry fruited heavily with us this season as yearlings. The fruit is very handsome and the plant seems healthy and free from leaf blight. The only fault we find with it is that the fruit adheres to the stem till fully ripe and is rather hard to pick as it turns red a couple of days before it is ripe enough to pick.—W. H. Hanchett, Vice President Wisconsin State Horticultural Society.

Our stock of Eatons is not large and we will probably be sold out early. We have reduced the price this year so that it will be possible for everyone to get a start of them.

THOMPSON'S EARLY—(Red)—One of the best early varieties. Commences to ripen before strawberries are gone. A very profitable early variety to grow for market.

PALMER—An early blackcap variety. Good quality; vine is a strong grower, and one of iron clad hardiness. We have a nice stock.

PLUM FARMER—This is a new variety of blackcap from the East. We have fruited it, but not under favorable conditions. We believe that it is as good as Cumberland. The berry resembles the Gregg. The plant makes a strong growth and they are very prolific. The season is a little earlier than the Cumberland or Gregg.

KING

The earliest red raspberry on record. It is the earliest red raspberry that makes the money—they often sell for 25 cents per quart. It is thus described by H. E. Vandeman, the well-known pomologist: "Round, medium size; light crimson color; moderately firm and of excellent quality. A seedling of Thompson, and ripens about the same time, but larger and more productive."

NOTE WHAT OTHERS SAY:

Ohio Experiment Station, Wooster, Ohio.

The King raspberry is fine indeed. Large, firm, beautiful color and prolific. It is far ahead of Loudon or Miller here.

PROF. W. J. GREEN.

We cannot too highly recommend this grand early berry. It is the only early berry that unites large size, bright and beautiful color, firmness, and high quality and productiveness, vigorous growth, and hardness of cane. It has been planted in field culture in various parts of the country and we have yet to hear of anything but praise for it.

Mr. Jno. O. Green, of New Albany, Ind., wrote us under date of January 20, 1906—"After an experience of 40 years in fruit culture, if I were to commence on a new farm all the fruit I would raise for sale would be Early King red raspberry and the Bartlett pears on quince roots. Had I known as much 40 years ago as I know now I could have made about \$40,000 more in 40 years.

We have a very good supply of Kings this year and as fine plants as we have ever seen; however, the demand for this variety is growing so rapidly that we would advise you to place your order early in order to be sure of getting them.

Kankakee, Ill., Apr. 27, 1909.

David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—The strawberries arrived in good condition on Saturday April, 24th. Please find enclosed the amount of bill—. Very truly,

R. GRANVILLE RISSER.

Northfield, Minn., May 24, 1909.

David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—I received the strawberry plants in good order. They reached me in a very good time. We got a nice rain just as they arrived. I thank you for the nice plants.

OLE O. SORN.

Assumption, Ill., Apr. 28, 1909.

David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—I received the strawberry plants last Saturday and finished planting them yesterday morning. Ground was in fine shape and the plants were **extra nice**.

W. A. CLAWSON.



LOUDON—(Red)—The Loudon, like the Cuthbert, is a late raspberry. It ripens during a somewhat longer season, beginning to ripen earlier. The Loudon will stand more cold weather than Cuthbert. The berries have about the same general appearance, but are not of as fine quality. The plants require quite different treatment. The Cuthbert is inclined to make too much growth, while the Loudon must be well fertilized or you do not get cane enough. Whatever cane is produced is covered from tip to roots with elegant berries commanding the best prices.



MILLER

MILLER—(Red)—The bush is a stout, healthy, vigorous grower, not quite so tall as the Cuthbert, rather more stocky and dwarfish. It is well calculated to hold up immense crops of fruit, with which it loads itself. The introducer claims: "Extreme hardiness and productive as any. It is quite early, an excellent shipper, of good quality and attractive color. It should be tried by all who want the best shipper to distant markets."

We have a fine stock of plants and the price is low.

GREGG—(Black)—Fruit very fine and covered with bloom. Gregg has been the leading market variety all over the country, best for evaporating of any variety as it is said to give more pounds to the bushel than any other kind. A good all round late blackcap. Gregg will not disappoint you. Very well and favorably known in every fruit district. Demand for plants has been heavy for the last few years.

HANSEL—(Red)—Is early and the plant hardy; very productive; good size and fine flavor. Is grown largely here for the Chicago market, where it brings a high price on account of its earliness.

CONRATH—(Black)—This is one of our Michigan productions. Plant is very productive. Fruit large, good flavor. Firm. Nearly coal black and parts readily from the core. Compared with Gregg, they are nearly two weeks earlier, hardier, and fully equal to that variety when at its best.

Belding, Mich., April 28, 1909.

David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—Your letter and the plants arrived today. The plants are in fine condition.

Respectfully yours,

C. WALTER KNIGHT.

David Knight,

Sawyer, Mich.

Des Moines, Iowa, April 10, 1909.

Dear Sir:—Your plants were received yesterday in excellent condition and we are much pleased with them. Please send us 20,000 on Tuesday running largely of Rough Rider, Sen. Dunlap, Warfield, Wm. Belt, Jessie or Crescent.

Yours truly, DES MOINES NURSERY COMPANY,

JWH/BS

By J. W. Hill.

KANSAS—(Black)—A seedling originated at Lawrence, Kansas; ripens soon after the Palmer. Berries as large as Gregg; jet black, and of the very best quality. It has been thoroughly tried at the Experimental Station, where nearly all other varieties fail. It has become a standard variety over a large part of the country.

Cumberland and Kansas the only blackcaps worthy of cultivation. We have a field of 25 acres upon which anthracnose has never appeared.—Major Frank Holsinger, Wyandotte County, Kansas.

One of the best of the mid-season blackcaps. Large, firm, fine appearance. Earlier than Cumberland, almost equal in size, productiveness.—Ohio Exp. Station.

Gives good satisfaction when planted on rich soil; on poor soil is a failure as the berries are small and crumble.—E. H. Riehl, Illinois Experiment Station.

BLACKBERRIES

For Prices see Pages
28 and 29.

BLOWERS

This new blackberry was introduced by M. Crawford, and we know it must be good or he would not introduce it. He makes the following claims for it besides furnishing a long list of testimonials from good authorities all over the East.

Blowers' blackberries are always on top. They are big, luscious, overshadowing all others; never winter kill, always in demand, rich in quality and quantity. Record from one-fourth acre, 2,347 qts., 3,520 lbs., 1 ton 1,520 lbs; 73 bushels, net price \$254.04; rate of \$1.-056.16 per acre. Height of bushes, 14 feet; berries on one bush, 2,694.

EARLY KING—

An extra early blackberry, exceedingly hardy variety of great merit. Needs no winter protection, always producing large crops. Canes of strong growth. It is larger than Early Harvest, and its delicious sweetness renders it of special value for home use or market. It is free of double bloom and other disease, will go through hard spring frosts in blossoming time without injury. Those who have tried this variety are well pleased.

First to ripen this season; good size and quality, moderately vigorous; valuable early sort.—Michigan Experiment Station.

A few days earlier than Early Harvest, but larger size. Rather low grower, but bears well. Not as hardy as Snyder.—H. E. VanDeman, in Rural New Yorker.

Leading all others in size and quality.—W. W. Clark, Atchison, Kansas.



EARLY KING

MERSEREAU—An early mammoth variety, originated in Northwestern New York. Iron clad in hardiness, having endured in temperature of twenty degrees below zero without injury, when Snyder was very much damaged; has a combination of the desirable qualities of a good blackberry; exceptionally sweet, rich and melting, nearly without core. Canes very strong, upright grower, attaining a height of seven to eight feet. The yield is simply enormous, producing double the quantity of fruit of any of the standard varieties and affording heavy picking from the first until all the crop is matured. Season late.

ERIE—One of the best hardy varieties; claimed to have stood unharmed twenty-five degrees below zero. As vigorous as the Lawton and resembles that variety.

EARLY HARVEST—This is one of the earliest blackberries in cultivation, a compact, stocky grower. Fruit medium size and firm quality. An enormous bearer. Grown here largely for market, and is meeting with great favor. It is not hardy, needs protection in winter.

KITTATINNY—The old standard market berry. Large, black, sweet—one of the best. A strong grower and very productive.

LAWTON — The well-known market variety. Needs no description.

WILSON'S EARLY—One of the largest and most productive of the early sorts. It is grown here largely for the market as it pays better than any other variety. It always sells at a premium over other blackberries in Chicago market and is daily quoted higher. The berry is large, jet black, and holds its color, never turning red. It is not hardy, and here in the North needs winter protection to insure crop. By taking pains to lay it down, as it is done here, it can be grown anywhere in the North. In the South it will need no protection.

SNYDER—Extremely hardy, wonderfully productive, medium size, very popular in the West. Not very largely grown here.

MERCEREAU.



Taylorville, Ill., May 20th, 1909.
David Knight & Son., Sawyer, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—I received plants in good shape and was well pleased. Every plant is growing fine. I don't think that I lost three plants in all the batch. I find that northern plants are better than Southern. You may look for me again.

Yours very truly,

FRED HAUBNER.

ELDORADO—Of great promise, has been cultivated twelve years, and under careful test at different experiment stations for four years has never winter killed or failed to produce a full crop of the finest fruit. The vines are very vigorous and hardy, enduring the winters of the far Northwest without injury, and their yield is enormous. Berries are very large, jet black, borne in large clusters and ripen well



ELDORADO

together; are very sweet, melting, pleasing to the taste, and have no hard core; quality unimpaired. The demand for Eldorado has been greater than the supply, so if you do not wish to be disappointed order early.

About the best blackberry of all.—Prof. W. T. Massey, Delaware.

Very hardy, productive; a few days earlier than Snyder, superior in size, flavor; yielded well this season. Considered valuable.—Michigan Experiment Station.

Better than Snyder, more productive. Retains its color and has the real wild blackberry flavor.—E. H. Riehl, Illinois Experiment Station.

Later, 1905: Doing well here, and a favorite wherever tried; hardy, vigorous; bears well, not inclined to rust.—E. H. Riehl.

One of the hardest. Medium to large, sweet, juicy, good color. Has made a good record in many localities as a commercial variety.—N. Y. Experiment Station.

RATHBUN—This new blackberry has been tested over a wide area and is said to surpass any blackberry that has yet been introduced. The berries are large—larger than Kittatinny—of an intense jet black. It is a cross between a dewberry and a blackberry. It is propagated from roots or tips like a blackberry. It ripens early. It is well worthy a trial.

Fruited several years and regard it one of the best. Belongs to the dewberry class and I consider it entirely rust proof—have never seen rust on a dewberry. After the first year grows upright, needs no support. Fruit largest I have seen, best shipper of all owing to remarkable firmness. Quality good, quite productive. You can safely list it.—E. H. Riehl, Illinois Experiment Station.

Later, July, 1906: I like it because it is hardy, large, firm, rust proof. Has the quality of the dewberry, which is much admired by nearly everyone. Bearing qualities improve with age.—E. H. Riehl.

Mossville, Ill., Jan. 3, 1909.

David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—Last spring I ordered 800 grapes and 1,500 strawberries from you through my uncle, Frank Thorn, I wish to order some more small fruit plants from you, I was so well pleased with those you sent me. Please send me one of your catalogs so I can get my order in early.

Yours truly,

WALLACE THORN.

DEWBERRY



LUCRETIA DEWBERRY—Claimed to be the best of the blackberry family. Berries are far larger and incomparably better than any blackberry; of unequaled excellence; soft, sweet and luscious throughout, of brightest glossy black color. The Lucretia dewberry has received the endorsement and highest praise from the leading horticulturists in the country. Its eminent successes in all soils is something phenomenal in small fruit culture. Its trailing habit renders it less liable to winter kill.

The only valuable dewberry.—W. B. Ellis, Cumberland, N. J.

Grown largely for market. In North Carolina ready for market before the strawberries of the middle states are on the market; thousands of acres are devoted to the crop. Formerly the canes were trained on low wires, but now the universal method is to let them run while growing, and in spring, after danger of cold is over, the fruiting canes are tied to stakes, while the new shoots are allowed to run along the rows out of the way of cultivation.—Practical Farmer.

Heavy bearer, firm shipper, best quality.—J. Casazza, Cumberland Co., N. J.

Three varieties have been tested; none better than Lucretia.—Illinois Horticultural Society.

PREMO—This variety is earlier and larger than the Lucretia and very much resembles that variety. The blossom is imperfect and must be planted with Lucretia to secure the best results.

David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Irving, Mich., 4/27/09.

Dear Sirs:—Plants arrived today by express in excellent shape. Satisfactory in every way.

Most sincerely,

WM. L. CHASE.

David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Farmingdale, Ill., Jan. 13, 1909.

Dear Sirs:—Please send me one of your small fruit catalogs for 1909, and one of my neighbors requested me to ask you to send him one too. His address is—
Those strawberry plants I got from you last spring were fine. I was well pleased with them. I will need more plants this spring.

Yours very truly,

JAMES DAY.

CURRANTS

CHERRY—Bush vigorous, stocky and compact; clusters rather short with short stems; fruit averages large; color fine, bright red; berry thin skinned, juicy and fine flavored. One of the most productive of the large currants. Two years old, No. 1, 75c per 12; \$5.00 per 100.

RED CROSS—Originated by Jacob Moore of New York, originator of Diamond and Moore's Early grapes and other valuable fruits. Very strong, vigorous, enormously productive. Yields two or three times as much as Cherry. Clusters long, well filled; berry deep red, large, often the size of Victoria, far superior in quality; high flavored, sweet.

The best of all, old or new, for any season.—Rural New Yorker.

Large and productive; masses of fruit were so dense as to almost hide the bearing canes.—New York Experiment Station.

Larger than Fay or Cherry; sweeter than most sorts. Cluster long, size of berry holds out larger to the end than Fay.—P. C. Reynolds, Monroe Co., N. Y.

Price: Two years, No. 1, \$1.00 per 12; \$6.00 per 100.

VICTORIA—(Raby Castle)—Bush a very strong, upright grower; foliage rather pale bronze green. Clusters above medium length; berries medium or above, bright red, with mild acid pulp. One of the most valuable late varieties. Very productive.

Best of all for home use or market.—G. W. Gourney, South Dakota Horticultural Society.

Clean, thrifty grower, thick foliage; good quality, but rather small. Clusters medium to large, moderately compact. This season excelled all others in productiveness.—Michigan Experiment Station.

Price: Two years old, 75c per 12; \$5.00 per 100.

LONDON MARKET—For many years this variety has been fruiting in Michigan where it is now planted extensively and regarded as the best market variety of that great fruit state. Plant is extremely vigorous, with perfect foliage, which it retains through the season; an enormous cropper.

Prof. Taft of the Michigan Agricultural College, reports: "London Market a very promising new variety."

Two year old, No. 1, 75c per 12; \$5.00 per 100.

Poulsville, Ill., Apr. 23, 1909.

David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—Received the strawberry plants in good order and thank you ever so much.

Yours respectfully,

W. F. BARBEE.

David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—Plants have arrived all right and I am well pleased with them. I have had a great many plants shipped to me from different firms but those are the finest rooted plants that I have ever received. Many thanks and when I order again I will call on you. If I had known your plants were so fine early in the season I could have given you in different orders 10,000 strawberry plants. I received my plants April 24th the next day after they were shipped. Thanks for the extras.

Troy, Ohio, April 28th, 1909.

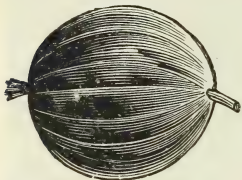
Yours very truly,

J. W. KESSLER.



GOOSEBERRIES

DOWNING—Bush vigorous and very productive. Fruit medium to large, skin whitish green; flesh soft, juicy. Excellent for family use and very profitable for market.



Still leads as the most profitable variety of the Americans. Best variety for general planting.—Michigan Agricultural Station.

Gooseberries and currants are a first rate crop among apple trees—will not stand the sun in the open air.—Prof. Howard, Missouri Agricultural College.

Very popular; large size; bush strong, hardy, prolific.—Illinois Horticultural Society.

Best for heavy black prairie soil.—Hon. H. M. Dunlap, Illinois Horticultural Society.

Two year, \$1.50 per 12; \$8.00 per 100.

HOUGHTON—Bush a vigorous grower, with rather slender branches; very productive. Fruit medium size, pale red, tender and good. An old, reliable variety.

Hardest as well as the most productive. Preferred for preserves or canning to any other. Have had a fair crop from Downing and Smith Improved, both larger than Houghton.—D. W. Buchanan, Manitoba, Canada.

Best of all well tested sorts for general planting.—South Dakota Horticultural Society.

Best we have at present.—C. W. Gourney, Yankton, Co., South Dakota.

Very good quality, but quite small.—Michigan Experiment Station.

Steady, regular bearer; very productive, free from mildew.—Illinois Horticultural Society.

Two year, \$1.25 per dozen; \$7.00 per 100.

ASPARAGUS

We have two varieties that are grown largely here for the Chicago market, and they are reliable.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL—This good old variety is known everywhere; is of large size, rapid in growth and of good quality.

Price, large two year old plants, 25c per 12; 50c per 100; \$4.00 per 1,000.

PALMETTO—A valuable new variety, and is planted very largely. It is larger than Conover, fully as early and the flavor is excellent.

Two year old plants, 25c per 12; 50c per 100; \$4.00 per 1,000.

Des Moines, Ia., June 1, 1909.

David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—Enclosed herewith please find our check for ——— in payment of our account to date. We thank you for your promptness in filling our orders and the excellent stock sent us. Whenever we order plants from David Knight & Son, we know just what we are going to get.

Hoping to meet a representative of your company at Rochester next week, we remain, as ever,

Yours truly,
DES MOINES NURSERY CO.
By J. W. Hill.

Nevada, Ia., April 7, 1909.

Messrs David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—Our plants came to hand last Friday in good shape. We had just completed tiling the ground for them and today we got the desired good time for setting, ground in perfect condition. We thank you for early shipment of plants and will remember you in the future.

Yours truly,
BLACKMAN BROS.

Albion, Mich., April 28, 09.

David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—My strawberry plants arrived in due time and in fine condition. Couldnt ask for anything better. I shall recommend you to growers here whenever I have the opportunity. I have my plants all set and so has Mr. Smith who is also very much pleased with his plants.

Respectfully yours,

E. L. GEROW.

GRAPES

A few of the best standard varieties as are grown here for market:

CHAMPION or TALLMAN.—(Black).—Bunch medium to large, compact; berries medium, adhering to stem better than Hartford, which it resembles; skin thick; flesh sweet, juicy, somewhat pulpy, with foxy flavor; vine a very rank, vigorous grower; hardy, very healthy and productive. Ripens about with or a little before Moore's Early. Quality poor, but desirable for early market, generally bringing a good price.

Two year old plants, 75c per dozen; \$4.00 per 100; \$30.00 per 1000.

CONCORD.—(Black).—Early; decidedly the most popular grape in America and deservedly so. Bunch large shouldered compact; berries large, covered with rich bloom; skin tender, but sufficiently firm to carry well to distant markets; flesh juicy, sweet, pulpy, tender; vine a strong grower, very hardy, healthy and productive. For general cultivation the most reliable and profitable variety grown.

Price, two years old, No. 1, 75c per dozen; \$4.00 per 100; \$30.00 per 1,000.

NIAGARA.—Occupies the same position among the white varieties as Concord among the black, the leading profitable market sort. Bunch and berries greenish white, changing to pale yellow when fully ripe. Skin thin but tough; quality much like Concord.

Leading white for home use and market.—Michigan Experiment Station.

As is shown by my plantings, I consider it not only the best white grape, but the best grape of any color. If restricted to one variety, for either home or market, would choose Niagara. Other sorts are better in some particulars, but taken as a whole, there is no other its equal. Good grower, productive enough, always handsome in bunch and berry, of very good quality, with flavor one does not tire of. Will hang after ripening without rotting, cracking or wilting longer than most others.—E. A. Riehl, Illinois Experiment Station.

Standard White grape for home and market.—Georgia Experiment Station.

Price: Two years, 75c dozen; \$5.00 per 100; \$45.00 per 1,000.

MOORE EARLY.—Very popular for early market. Moderate grower, healthy and hardy; with good soil, high cultivation and pruned long it is sufficiently productive. Larger than Concord, same color and flavor.

Good quality, good grower, but rather unproductive.—Michigan Experiment Station.

Campbell Early damaged badly by frosts, and not a success with me; does not pollinize well, bunches too loose. Worden is fine, but does not ripen evenly, cracks badly in wet weather. Moore hard to beat.—Herman Thieme, Missouri.

Not profitable for Central Arkansas. Diamond does well.—Prof Jos. Bachman.

Profitable here. Pulp somewhat hard, but the earliest good large sort and always brings better prices than later sorts.—E. H. Riehl, Illinois Experiment Station.

Price: Two years, 75c dozen; \$5.00 per 100.

CAMPBELL'S EARLY is a new variety of the Concord type, of great promise. It is one of the strongest growers, and one of the most hardy varieties. It ripens with Moore's Early, ahead of Worden; quality is good and it is a long keeper. Its long keeping and good shipping qualities are really marvelous and unequalled by any other variety, old or new; and I still believe that it is and will be the most profitable to grow. All I know and can influence I shall advise to plant and grow as many Campbell's Early as they possibly can. It is the best of all American grapes.

1 yr., No. 1, \$1.25 per 12; \$8.00 per 100.

2 yr., No. 1, \$1.50 per 12; \$10.00 per 100.

Dexter, Ohio, April 29, 1909.

David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—Strawberry plants arrived O. K. and will say that I was more than pleased with the quality of plants and will do you all the good I can.

Yours truly,

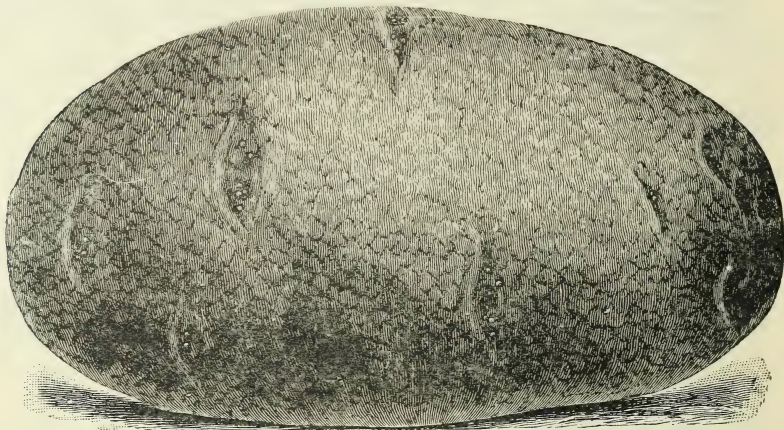
PETER NELSON.

KNIGHT'S SEED POTATOES

We have never listed potatoes in our catalog before this year. Don't know why we haven't for we have always grown them. Fact is, every one grows potatoes here, and good ones too, for Michigan is what you might call the natural home of the potato. Not-with-standing they could not find them in our catalog, a great many of our customers have been sending to us every year for potatoes and we have always supplied them and we think they must have told all of their neighbors what fine potatoes they were raising from the seed they got of Knight, for every year we have been getting more and more orders until this year we decided to plant several acres for seed, catalog them, and get into the business right. Now understand this is no experiment with us and we are not going to make it an experiment by listing sorts that we have not grown and know nothing about. The varieties that we list below are those that we have been growing right here on our own place for years and know absolutely that they are what we claim them to be. We are right up here in a potato state and we know that no better seed can be grown any where than here. Mr. M. C. Kell, of Kell, Ill., wrote us this spring: "Can you send some more seed potatoes? Those we got of you two years ago were as good a yield and the best eating potatoes we ever had. I believe you said they were the Rural and the Beauty of Hebron. You may send us two barrels if not too much trouble." Those are the kind of letters that sort of kicked us into listing and making a business of potatoes. And now that we are in it we are going to specialize in it the same as we have in plants and try to make "KNIGHT'S SEED POTATOES," as well known and as well liked as "KNIGHT'S FRUIT PLANTS" are.

BEAUTY OF HEBRON

A grand old reliable potato that is largely grown and well and favorably known all over the country. A great many will not grow any other variety on account of



BEAUTY OF HEBRON.

its exceptionally good quality. They are not as early as the Ohio, but would be classed as medium early, however, they have all of the good qualities of the late varieties. Plant them early for an early crop and later for a late crop and you will never find anything to please you better. The Beauty of Hebron is strictly a commercial potato. You can find them quoted in all of the large markets where they are sold principally by the car load. Here in Michigan they are one of the principal commercial varieties, and the growers here are certainly well versed as to the biggest money makers.

PRICE OF POTATOES: Any variety: Peck 40c; Half bushel, 75c; Bushel \$1.25. Bags and small boxes free. If packed in paper lined boxes or barrels, 10c per bushel extra.

WHITE EARLY OHIO



WHITE EARLY OHIO.

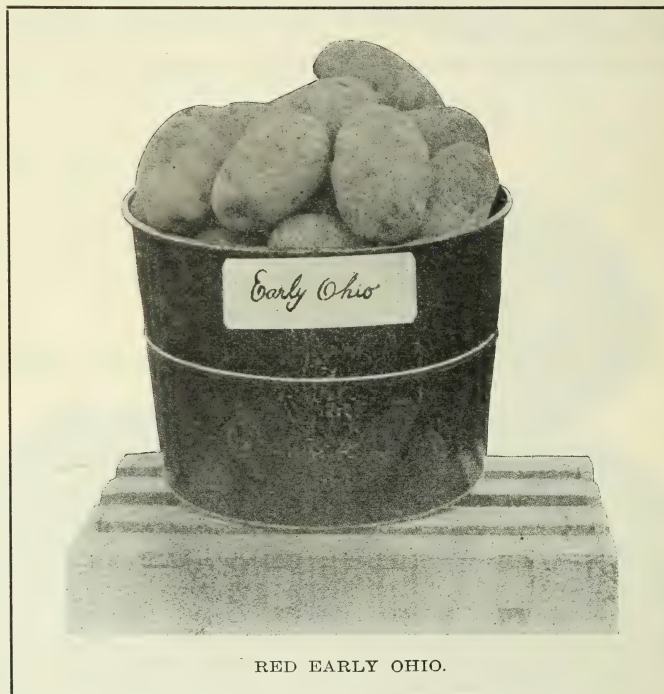
This potato which is a white seedling of the Early Ohio, is considered the best of all early potatoes grown here. The color is a creamy white with pink eyes. They grow very smooth and produce more bushels of excellent potatoes than any other early variety. Our yield of the White Early Ohio this season was the largest we have ever had and such beautiful potatoes we never saw before. The stock we are

offering you is from this crop. The photograph above is from this beautiful potato. Note its smoothness and regularity. They do not have a few large potatoes in the hill and a lot of small unmarketable ones, but will always average good, large marketable potatoes, and this means a great deal in the value of your crop.

For price see above.

RED EARLY OHIO

This variety has been grown here for a number of years as the standard early potato, and probably no other early variety has been such a general favorite for so many years as this one. It has been so generally grown all over the country and



RED EARLY OHIO.

every one who grows potatoes is so familiar with it that we do not deem it necessary to describe it further, only to remind you that Early Ohio seed potatoes grown here in Michigan are superior. What ever you do get northern grown seed. **For price see page 25.**

RURAL NEW YORKER, NO. 2

This is one of the largest yielding varieties known. It is very large and unusually smooth. The flesh like the skin is white and of a very fine quality. It has very few and shallow eyes. The season is medium late. We know of no potato that presents a more handsome appearance than the Rural New Yorker, and while it is an immense cropper it grows but few and small vines. It is one of the hard-

liest varieties we have and will not become scabby or spotted by being over fertilized. It will stand an immense amount of dry weather and still produce a good crop. Under ordinary conditions it will yield from 300 to 400 bushels per acre and if heavily manured this yield can be materially increased. We had an exceptionally fine crop of Rural New Yorkers last summer and are in a position to supply you in whatever quantity you may desire. **For price see page 25.**



RURAL NEW YORKER NO. 2.

Prospect, Ohio, Sept. 10, 1909.

David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—I have a small planting of black caps to make this fall and am having the usual trouble about a selection of varieties, _____ Strawberry plants received from you last spring showed better vitality than Kellogg plants set in the same patch.

Very truly,

L. M. HARMON.

Galesburg, Ill., 4/30/09.

David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—Enclosed please find draft for _____ to balance acct. Your plants were very fine. Away ahead of the ones received from Kansas.

Yours truly,

E. P. ESTES.

West Salem, Wis., 4/30/09.

David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—Plants received on 22nd in fine shape and as good plants as I ever saw. Am much pleased with them.

Yours very truly,

J. B. NYE.

Walkerville, Mich., May 2, 1909.

David Knight & Son, Sawyer, Mich.

Dear Sirs:—I received the plants last night that I ordered from you. They are O. K. and came through in good condition. Many thanks for the extras.

Yours truly,

G. H. MERRIFIELD.

Price List of Strawberries

Those marked "Imp." are pistillates, and they must be planted near perfect blossoming kinds marked "Per." to produce best results.

Postage on strawberry plants to any part of the United States, 10c for 25; 25c for 100, which must be added to the price list. The price quoted is for plants of one variety only.

Varieties.	25	100	300	500	1,000
Aroma, (Per.)	\$0.25	\$0.65	\$1.25	\$1.63	\$3.25
August Luther, (Per.)	.25	.60	1.20	1.50	3.00
Brandywine, (Per.)	.35	.70	1.35	1.75	3.50
Bubach, (Imp.)	.40	.80	1.50	2.00	4.00
Bismark, (Per.)	.40	.80	1.50	2.00	4.00
Bederwood, (Per.)	.25	.50	1.00	1.13	2.25
Cardinal, (Imp.)	.40	.80	1.50	2.00	4.00
Challenge, (Per.)	.40	.80	1.50	2.00	4.00
Clyde, (Per.)	.35	.70	1.35	1.75	3.50
Commonwealth, (Per.)	.45	.90	1.75	2.25	4.50
Corsican, (Per.)	.45	.90	1.75	2.25	4.50
Crescent, (Imp.)	.25	.50	1.05	1.25	2.50
Excelsior, (Per.)	.25	.60	1.20	1.50	3.00
Great Scott, (Imp.)	.50	1.00	2.50	....	....
Helen Gould, (Imp.)	.50	1.00	2.50	....	....
Heritage, (Per.)	.50	1.00	2.00	2.50	5.00
Highland, (Imp.)	.50	1.00	2.50	3.00	6.00
Gandy, (Per.)	.35	.70	1.35	1.75	3.50
Glen Mary, (Per.)	.35	.70	1.35	1.75	3.50
Haverland, (Imp.)	.25	.60	1.20	1.50	3.00
Jessie, (Per.)	.25	.50	1.75	2.50	....
Lovett, (Per.)	.25	.50	1.05	1.25	2.50
Miller, (Per.)	.40	.80	1.50	2.00	4.00
Michel's Early, (Per.)	.25	.50	1.00	1.13	2.25
Nick Ohmer, (Per.)	.25	.70	1.35	1.75	3.50
Pride of Michigan, (Per.)	.50	1.00	2.00	2.50	5.00
Parker Earle, (Per.)	.50	1.00	2.00	2.50	5.00
Parson's Beauty, (Per.)	.35	.70	1.35	1.75	3.50
Pocomoke, (Per.)	.35	.70	1.35	1.75	3.50
Ridgeway, (Per.)	.35	.70	1.35	1.75	3.50
Senator Dunlap, (Per.)	.25	.50	1.05	1.25	2.50
Sample, (Imp.)	.40	.80	1.50	2.00	4.00
Tennessee Prolific, (Per.)	.35	.70	1.35	1.75	3.50
Uncle Jim, (Per.)	.35	.70	1.35	1.75	3.50
Warfield, (Imp.)	.25	.50	1.05	1.25	2.50
Wm. Belt, (Per.)	.35	.70	1.75	1.75	3.50
Stevens Late Champion, (Per.)	.40	.80	1.50	2.00	4.00
Pan American, (Per.)	Doz. \$2.50	5.00	15.00	....	....
Autumn, (Imp.)	.50	1.50	....	....	....

RASPBERRIES

Varieties.	25	100	300	500	1,000
Cuthbert, (Red)					
Conrath, (Black) .....	.60	1.25	2.50	3.50	7.00
Cardinal, (Purple)	1.25	2.50	5.00	7.50	15.00
Cumberland, (Black) .....	.75	1.50	3.25	4.50	9.00
Gregg, (Black) .....	.50	1.00	3.00	4.00	8.00
Hansel, (Red) .....	.35	.75	1.75	2.50	5.00
King, (Red) .....	.75	1.50	3.00	4.50	9.00
Kansas, (Black) .....	.60	1.25	2.50	3.50	7.00
Loudon, (Red) .....	.75	1.50	3.50	5.00	10.00
Miller Red, (Red) .....	.50	1.00	2.25	3.00	6.00
Palmer, (Black) .....	.60	1.25	2.50	3.50	7.00
Thompson's Early, (Red) .....	.60	1.25	2.50	3.50	7.00
Eaton, (Red)	2.00	4.00	8.00	10.00	20.00
Plum Farmer, (Black)	1.25	2.50	5.00	7.50	15.00

BLACKBERRIES

Varieties.	12	25	100	300	500	1,000
Blowers'	\$0.75	\$1.10	\$3.00	\$....	\$....	\$....
Early Harvest .....	.25	.35	.65	1.75	2.50	5.00
Early King .....	.50	.75	1.50	3.00	4.50	9.00
Erie .....	.50	.75	1.75	3.50	5.00	10.00
Kittatinny .....	.30	.50	1.25	2.50	3.50	7.00
Eldorado .....	.60	1.00	2.50	5.00	7.50	15.00
Lawton .....	.50	.75	1.50	3.00	5.00	10.00
Rathbun .....	.60	1.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	12.00
Snyder .....	.50	.75	1.50	3.00	4.50	9.00
Lucretia Dewberry .....	.50	.75	1.50	3.00	4.00	8.00
Wilson's Early .....	.30	.50	1.00	2.00	3.25	6.50
Mersereau .....	.75	1.25	2.50	5.00	7.50	15.00
Premo Dewberry .....	.50	.75	1.50	3.00	4.00	8.00

ESTIMATE—If you want large orders, write us for estimates, and in many cases we can quote you rates below catalogue prices, as oftentimes we have surplus stock in some varieties and can give you quite a discount on large orders.

Remember we guarantee plants to reach you in good live condition when sent by mail or express, and if not so we will refill the order, but we must have proof of this at once on arrival of the plants.

FREIGHT SHIPMENTS at your own risk. Telegraph, express office and post office, Sawyer, Michigan. Bell phone in our office.

Premium Offers Good Until April 1st.

For orders of \$3.00 and over at catalogue prices (if mentioned when you order), by special arrangement we are able to give you one year's subscription to **THE NATIONAL FRUIT GROWER**, published in St. Joseph, Michigan. This is one of the best publications in the country (regular subscription price 50 cents). If you are already a subscriber your subscription will be extended one year from the date it now expires.

For every order of \$3.00 or over at catalogue prices, a setting of 15 Wyandotte eggs for 75 cents. This offer holds good as long as our eggs last, or for every dollar of your order 2 Swedenberg strawberry plants.

SPRAYING

The successful growers of small fruit find that it is just as essential to spray their strawberries, raspberries, blackberries, currants, gooseberries and grapes as it is for the orchardist to spray his fruit trees. Spraying is now recognized as an imperative part of growing fruits and vegetables profitably. To a great many spraying is still considered as a tax but it is not so considered by the large army of up-to-date farmers who have come to recognize the necessity of it. They now look upon spraying as an investment, and really that is what it is. No matter in what section of the country you live you will not need to travel many miles before you will have an opportunity of comparing the difference of productiveness of sprayed and unsprayed fields. Those of you who don't spray do not know what you are losing and you never will know. You will cuss the various insects and diseases that prevent you from having as profitable crops as your neighbors, and you will keep right on cussing until the end of your days unless you change your ways and make spraying a part of your business.

Spraying is no longer an experiment. When we commenced some ten years ago we had to go by guess as much as anything else. Of course we had formulas, any amount of them, but there were just as many bad ones as there were good ones and if we happened on to a good one we were fortunate. Then, besides, we had to buy our chemicals and mix them at home in a crude way, and use a sprayer that wouldn't be given barn room now. That time of experimenting and groping in the dark is past. Every man who is interested in fruit at all does, or should, take one or more of the many excellent farm papers published throughout the country and there is scarcely a one of them but what devotes a great deal of good matter to this important subject. For this reason we are not going to attempt to advise you as to what spray material you should use or what spray pump to buy for in all probability you have papers and magazines in your house right now that will give you more information than we could if we devoted half of our catalog to spraying alone. What we do hope to attain by this little talk is to impress upon you the absolute necessity of spraying and the impossibility of competing with your neighbor who does spray. If your fruits and vegetables are allowed to fight their battles alone. Once being interested and convinced that you must get into the game in order to run in the money, you will find any amount of information right at your elbow. Your farm papers will help you. Your state experiment station has any amount of valuable information that is free for the asking and the various spray material and spray pump manufacturing concerns are always willing to inform you. The process of spraying has been very much simplified and cheapened within the past few years. Instead of buying the chemicals and mixing them yourself, you can now buy, at a very reasonable cost, the various commercial spray materials and by mixing so many parts with so many parts of water it is ready to apply. The spray machinery firms have also made very rapid progress and you can now buy at a very nominal cost the very best outfits from a small knapsack to a large power sprayer.

Spraying is no small part of our yearly work. Besides our acres of small fruits we spray about 2,000 pear trees, ten acres of grapes, and also a large number of plum, apple and cherry trees. What we once considered a hardship we now know to be the most profitable investment of any of our labor.

Progressive Growers Investigate



ARE CONCENTRATED, EFFECTIVE AND PROFITABLE
HAVE NO SEDIMENT TO CLOG NOZZLES

DILUTE INSTANTLY WITH WATER
DESTROY BOTH SCALE AND FUNGUS

V1 for Dormant Trees

V2 for Summer Use

V3 for Leaf eaters

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Assures Increased Profits

DESTROYS INSECTS IN THE GROUND
SURE DEATH TO WOOLLY ROOT APHIS
KILLS CUTWORMS, WIREWORMS, GRUBS, ETC. Cheap and Effective

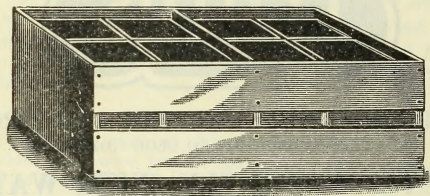
Be Sure and Enquire for Prices and Testimonials. It means money saved.

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Wm. Cooper & Nephews, 64 W. Illinois St., Chicago

BERRY CRATES BERRY BOXES BERRY BASKETS

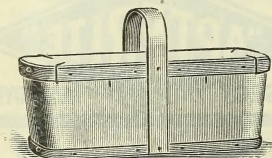
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Baskets for shipping Grapes and Peaches

All Kinds of Fruit and Vegetable Packages

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Deming Sprayers

FOR ALL SPRAYING CONDITIONS.

Two dozen styles of Spray Pumps from the Small Bucket and Knapsack Sprayers to the Barrel, Tank and Power Sprayers for Extensive Orchard Operations, seven styles of Spraying Nozzles and a score of Spraying Appliances.

DEMING SPRAYERS ARE PRACTICAL

Pumps have Brass Working Parts. We make the patent Bordeaux, Demorel and Simplex Nozzles. Used and recommended by leading fruit growers and Agricultural Experiment Stations. They are known as "The World's Best."

A few DEMING SPRAYERS are illustrated below.

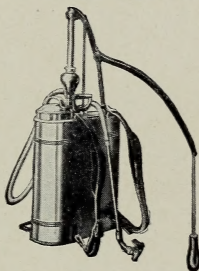


Fig. 675
The "Success" Knapsack for Garden and Vineyard.
Price \$12.75.

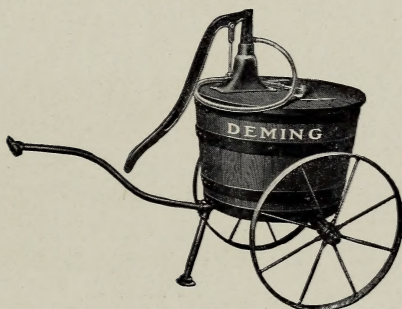


Fig. 651
The "Gardeners' Choice" for Garden and Orchard. Price \$12.00

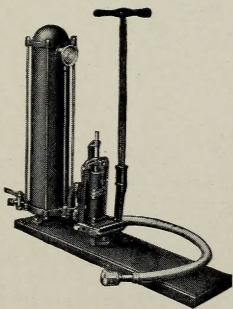


Fig. 633
The "Samson" A Powerful Orchard Sprayer.
Price \$32.50

We have used the DEMING SPRAYERS and know them to be as good as money can buy. If none of the descriptions above meet with your requirements write and tell us what you are looking for. The Deming people make it and we will be pleased to quote you prices.

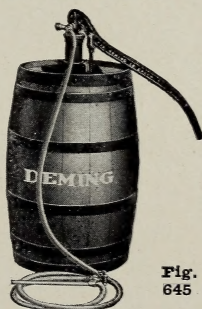
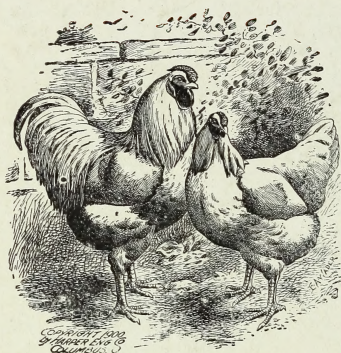


Fig. 645
The "Century" for Orchard and Field. Outfit "A" No. 1.
Price \$11.00

DAVID KNIGHT & SON,

Sawyer, Mich.

The Business Hen



White Wyandottes

Secretary Wilson tells us in his report, that the money value of eggs and poultry in the United States is as great as the money value of wheat or corn. This is a great record for the chicken industry. Don't you think that it would pay you to improve your flock? It costs no more to keep well bred fowls than it does mongrels.

For over ten years we have made a specialty of the Wyandotte. They are "The Business Hens." Hardy, good sized, good layers, and a general favorite.

Our White Wyandottes are of the Dustin Strain

Acknowledged as being the best strain of layers known. We are proud of our beautiful flock of White Wyandottes, and you can have one to be just as proud of. All eggs for shipment are carefully handled, packed in baskets and guaranteed to reach our customers in good condition. Price, \$1.50 for 15; \$2.50 for 30 eggs. We have a few fine cockerels and pullets to spare. Price on application.

For several years we have made a special offer to our patrons which has been the means of starting many fine flocks. This year we make the same offer. Don't fail to read about it on page 10.